

### Victoria Square

Opened in 1839 and named after the new queen, a good example of Victorian terraced housing for wealthy families.



### The Queen Victoria Memorial

Unveiled in 1911, to celebrate Victoria's long reign.



## Looking for evidence of the Victorians around Buckingham Palace

In the 19th century the streets around Buckingham Palace developed rapidly and soon became popular with fashionable society.

This map shows a small selection of Victorian sites on the walk between Victoria Station and Buckingham Palace.

In the local area you'll also find

- Town houses
- Tenement blocks
- Shop fronts
- Railway tracks and sheds
- Black iron railings
- Coal holes
- Boot scrapers
- A drinking fountain
- A public library

Download a fact sheet with details and locations of further sites at [www.royalcollection.org.uk/victorians](http://www.royalcollection.org.uk/victorians)



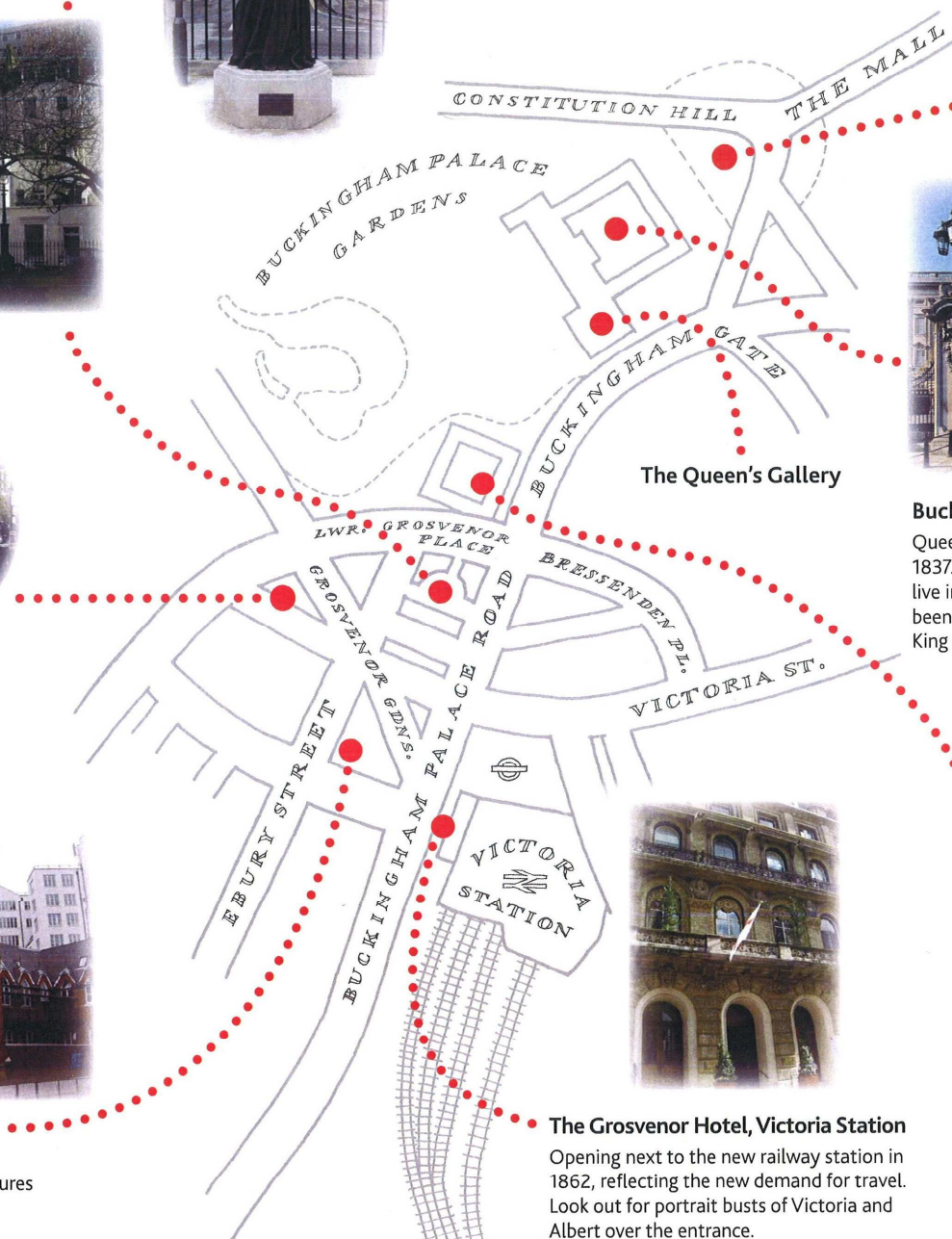
### Cabman's shelter

Provided for Victorian horse-drawn taxi drivers and still in use today.



### St Peter's Eaton Square C of E Primary School

Built in 1872, it has many of the features of a typical Victorian school.



### Buckingham Palace

Queen Victoria's London home from 1837. Victoria was the first monarch to live in Buckingham Palace, which had been completely redesigned by her uncle King George IV.



### The Grosvenor Hotel, Victoria Station

Opening next to the new railway station in 1862, reflecting the new demand for travel. Look out for portrait busts of Victoria and Albert over the entrance.



### The Royal Mews

Extended by Victoria and Albert, this is where their 9 children learnt to ride. Further mews buildings nearby are evidence of the horses and carriages that filled London's streets.